

In the name of God

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CRITICAL PHENOMENA

Exercise Set 5

(Due Date: 1401/09/15)

1. Exercises no. 1.3, 1.6, Kardar
2. The fluctuations in a given observable quantities in principle is given by proper derivative of corresponding partition function with dual parameters. (Remember that in a canonical ensemble the fluctuation in energy is $\sigma_{\mathcal{H}}^2 = \langle (\mathcal{H} - \langle \mathcal{H} \rangle)^2 \rangle = -\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \beta^2} \ln Z$). Accordingly, for the grand-canonical ensemble, we suppose to have $\sigma_N^2 = \langle (N - \langle N \rangle)^2 \rangle$. Also the weighted TPCF of number density is given by $G(r - r') = \langle \rho(r) - \rho(r') \rangle - \langle \rho(r) \rangle \langle \rho(r') \rangle$, since the Number of particle is $N = \int dr \rho(r)$, find the relation between number fluctuation in grand-canonical ensemble. Interpret the physical meaning of your result.
3. Tricritical phase transition: According to the sixth order Landau theory, suppose that

$$\mathcal{L} = -hm + \frac{1}{2}am + \frac{1}{4}bm^4 + \frac{1}{6}cm^6$$

where $a = a(t)$, $b = b(t)$ and $c = c(t)$. In order to have physical value for m , deduce the necessary properties of a, b, c and their temperature dependancies. Finally for proper value of multipliers determine the m 's for them the landau free energy has extremums.

Good luck, Movahed
