In the name of God

Department of Physics Shahid Beheshti University

ADVANCED COURSE ON COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS

Exercise Set 4

(Due Date: 1403/08/17)

1. Joint PDF: For the input data set, compute

$$\Delta(\tau) \equiv \int dx_1 dx_3 |p(x_3, t+2\tau; x_1, t) - \int dx_2 p(x_3, t+2\tau | x_2, t+\tau) p(x_2, t+\tau | x_1, t) p(x_1, t)|$$

as a function of τ . Explain your results.

- 2. According to Box-Muller algorithm, generate Gaussian random field with $\sigma_0^2 = 2$ and $\langle x \rangle = 3$. Check your results by fitting a Gaussian function on the computed PDF of your generated data.
- **3.** According to Von-Neumann method, generate a set of random data set in the range $x \in [1-5]$ with PDF as: $p(x) = \sin(x^2/100) + \frac{1}{\cos(x^3/100)} + x^{-3}$.
- 4. PDF transformation: Suppose that in a black box a harmonic oscillator is oscillating and you made a series of snapshots randomly through time from the position of harmonic oscillator around the equilibrium. Determine the PDF of the location of the oscillator in the stationary case.
- 5. Suppose that x has the Pareto distribution, $p(x) = \frac{a}{x^{a+1}}$ for $1 \le x < \infty$. Find the probability density function of each of the following random variables:
 - $\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A} &: y = x^2.\\ \mathbf{B} &: z = \frac{1}{x}.\\ \mathbf{C} &: T = \ln(x). \end{aligned}$

Good luck, Movahed