

پنام خدا

دانشکده مهندسی برق و کامپیوتر

دانشگاه شهید بهشتی

پاسخ نامه تکلیف ششم

مبانی کامپیوتر و برنامه نویسی



پاسخ سوال ۱:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main ()
{
    int num,rem;
    cin >> num;
    rem=num%2; // remainder
    if (rem==0)
        cout << "The input number is even.\n";
    else      // numbers are even or odd
        cout << "The input number is odd.\n";
    return 0;
}
```

پاسخ سوال ۲:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main ()
{
    int num;
    cin >> num;
    cout << "abs( " << num << ") = " << (num>=0) ? num : -num;
    return 0;
}
```

پاسخ سوال ۳:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<cmath>
using namespace std;

int main ()
{
    float a,b,c,del; // quadratic coefficients
    cout << "Enter coefficients of equation a*x^2+b*x+c=0:\n";
```



```

cout << "a = ";
cin >> a;
cout << "b = ";
cin >> b;
cout << "c = ";
cin >> c;

del=b*b-4*a*c; // Delta
if (del==0) // Double real root
{
    float r;
    r=(-b)/(2*a);
    cout << "Equation has 1 double root: " << r << endl;
}
if (del>0) // Two distinct real roots
{
    float r1,r2;
    r1=(-b-sqrt(del))/(2*a);
    r2=(-b+sqrt(del))/(2*a);
    cout << "Equation has 2 real roots: " << r1 << "\t" << r2 << endl;
}
if(del<0) // Two distinct complex roots
{
    del=-del;
    float r,i1,i2;
    r=(-b)/(2*a);
    i1=(-sqrt(del))/(2*a);
    i2=(sqrt(del))/(2*a);
    cout << "Equation has 2 complex roots: (" << r << "," << i1 << ") \t" <<
    "(" << r << "," << i2 << ")" << endl;
}
return 0;
}

```

پاسخ سوال ۴:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    char c;
    while(1){
        cin>>c;
        if(c>='a' && c<='z')
            cout<<"Harfe Khochak!\n";
        else if(c>='A' && c<='Z')
            cout<<"Harfe Bozorg!\n";
        else if(c>='0' && c<='9')
            cout<<"Adad!\n";
        else

```



```

        cout<<"Symbol!\n";
    }
    return 0;
}

```

پاسخ سوال ۵:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    float x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3;
    cout<<"p1:";
    cin>>x1>>y1;
    cout<<"p2:";
    cin>>x2>>y2;
    cout<<"p3:";
    cin>>x3>>y3;

    if((x1-x2)/(y1-y2) == (x3-x2)/(y3-y2))
        cout<<"Dar Yek khat hastand!\n";
    else
        cout<<"Dar Yek khat nistand!\n";
    float l12,l23,l13;
    l12=(x1-x2)*(x1-x2)+(y1-y2)*(y1-y2);
    l23=(x2-x3)*(x2-x3)+(y2-y3)*(y2-y3);
    l13=(x1-x3)*(x1-x3)+(y1-y3)*(y1-y3);

    if(l12<l23 && l12<l13)
        cout<<"min:p1 ta p2";
    else if(l23<l12 && l23<l13)
        cout<<"min:p2 ta p3";
    else
        cout<<"min:p1 ta p3";
    return 0;
}

```

پاسخ سوال ۶:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main ()
{

```



```

int a,b;
char c;
cout << "Enter first number: ";
cin >> a;
cout << "Enter operator: ";
cin >> c;
cout << "Enter second number: ";
cin >> b;

switch (c)
{
case '+':
    cout << a << c << b << " = " << a+b << endl; break;
case '-':
    cout << a << c << b << " = " << a-b << endl; break;
case '*':
    cout << a << c << b << " = " << a*b << endl; break;
case '/':
    cout << a << c << b << " = " << a/b << endl; break;
default:
    break;
}
return 0;
}
  
```

پاسخ سوال ۷:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int day;
    cin>>day;
    day=day%7;
    if(day==3 || day==4)
        cout<<"is haliday!\n";
    else
        cout<<"isn't haliday!\n";
    return 0;
}
  
```

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int day;
    cin>>day;
    day=day%7;
    switch(day){
    case 3:
  
```



```

case 4:
    cout<<"is haliday!\n";break;
case 0:
case 1:
case 2:
case 5:
case 6:
    cout<<"isn't haliday!\n";break;
}
return 0;
}

```

در مواقعي که با تنوع کم سروکار داريم استفاده از شرط به صرفه تر و با معنی تر از Switch Case هست، برای مثال در اينجا باقی مانده يا ۴ يا ۵ است يا عدد ديگري پس به صرفه نیست برای تمام اعداد ديگر حالت تعريف کنيم. اما جايي که برای هر حالت ورودی قرار است يك کار مشخص انجام شود نياز به استفاده از Switch Case داريم(مثل سوال قبل).

پاسخ سؤال ۸:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    bool bit1,bit2;
    cin>>bit1>>bit2;
    bool carry,sum;
    sum=(bit1 & ~bit2) | (bit2 & ~bit1);
    carry= bit1 & bit2;
    cout<<"sum: "<<sum<<endl;
    cout<<"carry: "<<carry<<endl;
    return 0;
}

```

پاسخ سؤال ۹:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    if_printf("Hello World!\n"){}
}

```



پاسخ سوال ۱۰:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    float sum;
    int n, num, max, min;
    cin >> n;
    int i = 1;
    cin >> num;
    sum = max = min = num;
    while (i < n)
    {
        cin >> num;
        sum += num;
        if (num < min)
            min = num;
        if (num > max)
            max = num;
        i++;
    }
    cout << "average" << sum / i << endl << "min" << min << endl << "max" << max << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

پاسخ سوال ۱۱:

```
#include <iostream>
Usingnamespace std;
int main()
{
    int a, b, c, d, n;
    int q1, q2, q3;
    cout << "4 adad vared konid: ";
    cin >> a >> b >> c >> d;
    q1 = b/a;
    q2 = c/b;
    q3 = d/c;
    if (q1 == q2 && q2 == q3)
    {
        cout << "adade vorudi tashkile tasaOde hendesi midahand.\n";
        cout << "adade N ra vared konid ta N adade badie tasaOd ra moshahede
konid: ";
        cin >> n;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    }
```



```

    {
        d *= q1;
        cout<<d<<"    ";
    }
} else
    cout<<"In 4 adad tashkile tasaode hendesi nemidahand.\n";
return 0;
}
}

```

پاسخ سوال: ۱۲:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    for(int i=1;i<11;i++)
    {
        for(int j=1;j<11;j++)
            cout<<i*j<<'\'t';
        cout<<endl;
    }

    return 0;
}

```

پاسخ سوال: ۱۳:

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n;
    bool flag;
    cin>>n;
    for(int i=2; i < n ; i++)
    {
        flag = true;
        for(int j=2; j<=i/2&& flag==true ; j++)
        {
            if(i%j==0)
                flag = false;
        }
        if(flag == true)

```



```

        cout<<i<<endl;
    }
}

```

پاسخ سؤال: ۱۴:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n , counter , temp ;
    int a , b;
    bool flag = true;
    cin>>n;
    temp = n;
    for(counter=0 ; temp>=1 ; counter++)
        temp/=10;

    temp = n;
    for(int i=1 ; i<=counter/2&& flag==true; i++)
    {
        a = (int)((n - (n%(int)pow(10, counter-i))) / pow(10 , counter-
i))%10;
        b = temp%10;
        if(a!=b)
        {
            cout<<"adade vared shode jenase ghalb nist!\n";
            flag = false;
        }
        temp/=10;
    }
    if(flag == true)
    {
        cout<<"adade vared shode jenase ghalb ast!\n";
    }
}

```

پاسخ سؤال: ۱۵:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>

```



```
Usingnamespace std;
int main()
{
    int bin, dec = 0;
    cin>>bin;
    for (int i = 0 ; bin >= 1 ; i++)
    {
        dec += (bin%10)*pow(2,i);
        bin/=10;
    }
    cout<<dec;
}
```

پاسخ سوال ۱۶:

```
#include <iostream>
usingnamespacestd;
int main()
{
    int n, temp ;
    bool flag = true;
    cin>>n;
    temp = n;
    while( temp>=1&& flag==true )
    {
        if(n%(temp%10) != 0)
        {
            cout<<"no";
            flag = false;
        }
        temp /= 10;
    }
    if(flag == true)
        cout<<"yes";
}
```

پاسخ سوال ۱۷:

```
#include <iostream>
usingnamespacestd;
int main()
{
    int n , sum = 1;
```



```

cin>>n;
for(int i = 6 ; i<n ; i++)
{
    for(int j=2 ; j<= i/2 ; j++)
    {
        if(i%j==0)
            sum+=j;
    }
    if(sum == i)
        cout<<i<<endl;
    sum=1;
}
    
```

پاسخ سؤال: ۱۸

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n , mult , fibo1 , fibo2 , temp;
    bool flag = false;
    fibo1 = mult =0;
    fibo2 = 1;
    cin>>n;
    while (n > mult)
    {
        mult = fibo1 * fibo2;
        if(mult == n && flag == false)
        {
            cout<<fibo1<<"      "<<fibo2;
            flag =true;
        }
        temp = fibo2;
        fibo2 += fibo1;
        fibo1 = temp;
    }
    if(flag == false)
        cout<<"adade vared shode nemitavanad hasel zarbe 2 jomleye motevali
az donbaleye fibonachi bashad.\n";
}
    
```



پاسخ سوال: ۱۹

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n;
    cin>>n;
    for(int i=0 ; i<n ; i++)
    {
        for(int j=0 ; j<n-i ; j++)
        {
            cout<<"*";
        }
        cout<<endl;
    }
}
```

پاسخ سوال: ۲۰

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n;
    cin>>n;
    for(int i=1;i<=n/2;i++)//.....nimeye aval (bala)
    {
        for(int j=1;j<=i;j++)
            cout<<j;
        for(int j=1;j<=n-2*i;j++)
            cout<<i;
        for(int j=i;j>=1;j--)
            cout<<j;
        cout<<endl;
    }
    for(int i=(n+1)/2;i>n/2;i--)//.....khate vasat baraye fard ha
    {
        for(int j=1;j<=i;j++)
            cout<<j;
        for(int j=i-1;j>=1;j--)
            cout<<j;
        cout<<endl;
    }
    for(int i=n/2;i>=1;i--)//.....nimeye dovom (paiin)
```



```
{  
    for(int j=1;j<=i;j++)  
        cout<<j;  
    for(int j=1;j<=n-2*i;j++)  
        cout<<i;  
    for(int j=i;j>=1;j--)  
        cout<<j;  
    cout<<endl;  
}  
return 0;  
}
```